NAME OF THE COURSE		COMPUTATIONAL METHODS IN WATER RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING									
Code			Year of study	1, I.semester							
Course teacher	Hrvoje Gotovac, PhD, Assistant Professor		Credits (ECTS)	5.0							
Associate teachers			Type of instruction (number of hours)	L 30	S	E 15	F				
Status of the course	Compu	lsory	Percentage of application of e-learning	0%							
COURSE DESCRIPTION											
Course objectives	According to the labor market needs, the objectives of the course is to introduce basic theorethical and practical principles of computational methods in water resources and environmental engineering.										
Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	Undergraduate qualification (6th level of EQF or CROQF) in the technical or natural sciences.										
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	 Ine student will: Define, analyze and solve large sparse (non) linear system of equations, Define, analyze and use Fourier spectral analysis, Define, analyze and solve initial value problem of ODE - Ordinary Differential Equations, Define, analyze and solve boundary-initial value problem for all basic types of elliptic, parabolic and hiperbolic problems, Define, analyze and solve basic optimization problems, Define, analyze and solve basic random processes, Define and use appropriate stochastic and/or numerical model using suitable computational techniques Learn state of tha art numerical and stochastic models in MATLAB 										
Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	Linear Algebra: Direct and iterative methods. Iterative solving of large sparse linear system of equations; Krylov subspace methods; Preconditioning. Conjugate gradients for symmetric matrices, GMRES for non-symmetric matrices. Solving of nonlinear equations; Newton method. Transformations: Orthogonal sets of functions, Fourier series, Dirichlet theorem, series expansions and approximations of functions. Fourier spectral analysis. Fourier and Laplace transform. Initial value problem: Ordinary differential equations. Initial conditions. Explicit Runge-Kutta and Adams methods. Stability analysis. Implicit methods. Accuracy. Examples of free and forced oscillations. Boundary-initial value problem: Ordinary and partial differential equations; Initial and boundary conditions (Dirichlet, Neumann and Cauchy types). Eigenvalue boundary value problems, Sturm-Liouville problem, Collocation method, Least square method and Galerkin method. Finite difference method and finite element method; example of Laplace equation. Method of lines: spatial and temporal discretization. Stability criteria: Peclet and Courant numbers, numerical oscillations and dispersion. Accuracy. Adaptive methods. Wave and convection-diffusion equation. Optimization: Minimization of functions of variables that are either unconstrained, subject to equality and inequality constraints. Includes methods for linear and nonlinear programming.										

	formulation, analysis, representation, and application of some standard random processes. Basic concepts of random processes, random processes in linear systems, expansions of random processes, Wiener filtering, spectral representation of random processes, and white-noise integrals.										
Format of instruction	 ☑ lectures □ seminars and ☑ exercises □ on line in ent □ partial e-lean □ field work 	d worksho irety ning	ps	 independent assignments multimedia laboratory work with mentor (other) 							
Student responsibilities	Preparation of an assignment.										
Screening student work(name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course)	Class attendance Experimental work	1.0	Research Report		Practical traini	ng					
	Essay		Seminar essay	1.0							
	Tests		Oral exam	2.0							
	Written exam	1.0	Project								
Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	Three written assignments (40%), seminar (10%), final examination – oral (50%).										
Required literature (available in the library and via other media)		٦	Number of copies in the library	Availability via other media							
	A. Quarteroni, R. Sacco, F. Saleri; Numerical Mathematics, Springer-Verlag, 2000.										
Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	 D. G. Duffy, Advanced Engineering Mathematics with MATLAB, CRC Press, 2011 Y.Saad, Iterative methods for sparse linear systems, SIAM, 2003; 										
Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	 Quality assurance will be performed at three levels: (1) University level, through questionnaires; (2) Faculty level by Quality Control Committee; (3) Lecturer's level. 										
Other (as the proposer wishes to add)											